

Main Criteria: Utah Core Standards
Secondary Criteria: Virtual Field Trips
Subjects: Science, Social Studies
Grade: 7
Correlation Options: Show Correlated

**Utah Core Standards
Science**

Grade: 7 - Adopted: 2003

STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.2.	Intended Learning Outcome: Manifest Scientific Attitudes and Interests.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.2.e.	Accept and use scientific evidence to help resolve ecological problems. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.3.	Intended Learning Outcome: Demonstrate Understanding of Science Concepts and Principles.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.3.c.	Compare concepts and principles based upon specific criteria. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.5.	Intended Learning Outcome: Demonstrate Awareness of Social and Historical Aspects of Science.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.5.a.	Cite examples of how science affects life. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.5.c.	Understand the cumulative nature of the development of science knowledge. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1

INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.5.d.	Recognize contributions to science knowledge that have been made by both men and women. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.II.	Students will understand the relationship between properties of matter and Earth's structure.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.II.1.	Examine the effects of density and particle size on the behavior of materials in mixtures.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.II.1.e.	Design and conduct an experiment that provides data on the natural sorting of various earth materials. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.II.	Students will understand the relationship between properties of matter and Earth's structure.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.II.2.	Analyze how density affects Earth's structure.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.II.2.b.	Relate density to the relative positioning of Earth's atmosphere, water, crust, and interior. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.IV.	Students will understand that offspring inherit traits that make them more or less suitable to survive in the environment.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.IV.2.	Relate the adaptability of organisms in an environment to their inherited traits and structures.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.IV.2.b.	Cite examples of traits that provide an advantage for survival in one environment but not other environments. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.IV.2.c.	Cite examples of changes in genetic traits due to natural and manmade influences (e.g., mimicry in insects, plant hybridization to develop a specific trait, breeding of dairy cows to produce more milk).

		<u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.IV.2.d.	Relate the structure of organs to an organism's ability to survive in a specific environment (e.g., hollow bird bones allow them to fly in air, hollow structure of hair insulates animals from hot or cold, dense root structure allows plants to grow in compact soil, fish fins aid fish in moving in water). <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.V.	Students will understand that structure is used to develop classification systems.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.V.1.	Classify based on observable properties.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.1.c.	Defend the importance of observation in scientific classification. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.1.d.	Demonstrate that there are many ways to classify things. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.V.	Students will understand that structure is used to develop classification systems.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.V.2.	Use and develop a simple classification system.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.2.a.	Using a provided classification scheme, classify things (e.g., shells, leaves, rocks, bones, fossils, weather, clouds, stars, planets). <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.2.b.	Develop a classification system based on observed structural characteristics. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari

		Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.2.c.	Generalize rules for classification. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.2.d.	Relate the importance of classification systems to the development of science knowledge. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.2.e.	Recognize that classification is a tool made by science to describe perceived patterns in nature. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SC.7.	Seventh Grade Science Core Curriculum
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	7.V.	Students will understand that structure is used to develop classification systems.
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	7.V.3.	Classify organisms using an orderly pattern based upon structure.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.3.a.	Identify types of organisms that are not classified as either plant or animal. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.3.b.	Arrange organisms according to kingdom (i.e., plant, animal, monera, fungi, protist). <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	7.V.3.d.	Report on changes in classification systems as a result of new information or technology. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol

Grade: 7 - Adopted: 2015

STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SEEed.7.	Science with Engineering Education (SEEd)
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	SEEd.7.2.	CHANGES TO EARTH OVER TIME
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		Earth's processes are dynamic and interactive, and are the result of energy flowing and matter cycling within and among Earth's systems. Energy from the sun and Earth's internal heat are the main sources driving these processes. Plate tectonics is a unifying theory that explains crustal movements of Earth's surface, how and where different rocks form, the occurrence of earthquakes and volcanoes, and the distribution of fossil plants and animals.

EXPECTATION / STANDARD	SEEd.7.2.2.	<p>Construct an explanation based on evidence for how processes have changed Earth’s surface at varying time and spatial scales. Examples of processes that occur at varying time scales could include slow plate motions or rapid landslides. Examples of processes that occur at varying spatial scales could include uplift of a mountain range or deposition of fine sediments.</p> <p><u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1</p>
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	SEEd.7.2.3.	<p>Ask questions to identify constraints of specific geologic hazards and evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining the stability of human- engineered structures, such as homes, roads, and bridges. Examples of geologic hazards could include earthquakes, landslides, or floods.</p> <p><u>Virtual Field Trips</u> National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1</p>
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	SEEd.7.2.5.	<p>Ask questions and analyze and interpret data about the patterns between plate tectonics and: (1) The occurrence of earthquakes and volcanoes. (2) Continental and ocean floor features. (3) The distribution of rocks and fossils. Examples could include identifying patterns on maps of earthquakes and volcanoes relative to plate boundaries, the shapes of the continents, the locations of ocean structures (including mountains, volcanoes, faults, and trenches), and similarities of rock and fossil types on different continents.</p> <p><u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1</p>
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SEEEd.7.	Science with Engineering Education (SEEd)
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	SEEd.7.4.	REPRODUCTION AND INHERITANCE
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		<p>The great diversity of species on Earth is a result of genetic variation. Genetic traits are passed from parent to offspring. These traits affect the structure and behavior of organisms, which affect the organism’s ability to survive and reproduce. Mutations can cause changes in traits that may affect an organism. As technology has developed, humans have been able to change the inherited traits in organisms, which may have an impact on society.</p>
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	SEEd.7.4.2.	<p>Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about specific animal and plant adaptations and structures that affect the probability of successful reproduction. Examples of adaptations could include nest building to protect young from the cold, herding of animals to protect young from predators, vocalization of animals and colorful plumage to attract mates for breeding, bright flowers attracting butterflies that transfer pollen, flower nectar and odors that attract insects that transfer pollen, and hard shells on nuts that squirrels bury.</p> <p><u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari</p>

		Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.SEEed.7.	Science with Engineering Education (SEEd)
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	SEEd.7.5.	CHANGES IN SPECIES OVER TIME
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		Genetic variation and the proportion of traits within a population can change over time. These changes can result in evolution through natural selection. Additional evidence of change over time can be found in the fossil record, anatomical similarities and differences between modern and ancient organisms, and embryological development.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	SEEd.7.5.2.	Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the existence, diversity, extinction, and change of life forms throughout the history of life on Earth, under the assumption that natural laws operate today as in the past. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Galapagos Islands Galapagos Islands - Espagnol

Utah Core Standards

Social Studies

Grade: 7 - Adopted: 2016

STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.USI.	UNITED STATES HISTORY I
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	USI.4.	THE U. S. CONSTITUTION (Ca. 1781–1789)
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		American independence brought with it the need for self-government. Dissatisfaction with inadequate early political structures led to the creation of the Constitution. The Constitutional Convention brought together the greatest political minds of the fledgling nation. Through debate and compromise, the Founding Fathers brought together in a unique way the principles and philosophies that had been theorized and tested for centuries. The Bill of Rights was then added, enumerating the rights of American citizens. In the end, the Constitution and Bill of Rights created the structure of a government that has functioned, survived crises, and evolved for over two centuries, affecting the life of every citizen today.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	USI.4.2.	Students will describe the structure and function of the government that the Constitution creates. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Washington, DC - Grades 6 - 12
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WG.	WORLD GEOGRAPHY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WG.1.	HUMANS AND THEIR PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		The earth's physical environment varies greatly from place to place. The interactions between physical systems and human systems create opportunities and challenges for people and places. The implications of these interactions affect both physical systems and human systems.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.1.2.	Students will identify patterns evident in the geographic distribution of ecosystems and biomes and explain how humans interact with them.

		<u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Galapagos Islands National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.1.4.	Students will use geographic reasoning to propose actions that mitigate or solve issues, such as natural disasters, pollution, climate change, and habitat loss. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Exploring Cuba
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WG.	WORLD GEOGRAPHY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WG.2.	POPULATION DISTRIBUTION AND MIGRATION
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		The movement and distribution of people is influenced by many factors, including environmental, cultural, economic, and geopolitical forces. These migration trends alter geographic conditions. Geographers use data to understand population distribution and migration by looking at population characteristics, push and pull factors, and numerous other variables. Analyzing this data offers an opportunity to examine complex and challenging real-world issues.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.2.3.	Students will investigate the effects of significant patterns of human movement that shape urban and rural environments over time, such as mass urbanization, immigration, and the movement of refugees. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Barcelona - English Barcelona - Espagnol London - City of Pomp & Majesty Paris - City of Light - Grades 6 - 12 Paris - La Ville Lumiere (En Francais) Tokyo - City of Contrasts
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WG.	WORLD GEOGRAPHY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WG.3.	CULTURE
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		Culture is the total sum of human expression. A culture's purpose, as well as how and where cultures originate, diffuse, and change, are all topics worth studying. Students will explore religion, language, ethnicity and other cultural characteristics by looking at patterns and processes. As students explore what people care about and care for, they can learn not only about other cultures but also about the unique attributes of their own culture.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.3.1.	Students will identify and describe the essential defining characteristics and functions of culture. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Exploring Cuba La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) Rome - The Eternal City - Part 2 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.3.2.	Students will explain how the physical environment influences and is influenced by culture.

		<u>Virtual Field Trips</u> The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.3.3.	Students will identify how culture influences sense of place, point of view and perspective, and the relative value placed upon people and places. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.3.4.	Students will identify the causes, methods, and effects for the diffusion and distribution of cultural characteristics among different places and regions. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.3.5.	Students will explain how the basic tenets of world religions affect the daily lives of people. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Jerusalem - Then and Now (Older Grades)
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.3.6.	Students will cite examples of how globalization creates challenges and opportunities for different cultures. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Exploring Cuba
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WG.	WORLD GEOGRAPHY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WG.4.	POLITICAL SYSTEMS
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		People organize themselves into distinctive groups. Geographers examine how the interactions between these groups influence the division and control of the earth's surface. Political systems have profound influences on the lives of people, including their access to resources, economic opportunities, and basic rights.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.4.2.	Students will describe and explain the role physical and human characteristics play in establishing political boundaries. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Barcelona - English Barcelona - Espagnol Canada - An Overview Exploring Cuba La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) London - City of Pomp & Majesty National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 Paris - City of Light - Grades 6 - 12 Paris - La Ville Lumiere (En Francais) The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades Tokyo - City of Contrasts
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WG.	WORLD GEOGRAPHY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WG.5.	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		Humans have created complex and varied economic systems. These systems, whether based on free markets or other structures, have various levels of development, infrastructure, and divisions of labor. Economic systems are influenced by their unique landscapes and resources, and their locations influence patterns of interconnections with other economic systems. Geographers can

		use the insights they learn about economic development to identify patterns or propose solutions to complex issues.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WG.5.4.	Students will cite examples of various levels of economic interdependence between nations and peoples. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Exploring Cuba
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WH.	WORLD HISTORY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WH.1.	PREHISTORY TO THE NEOLITHIC REVOLUTION (Ca. 150,000 B.C.E.–1,000 B.C.E.)
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		The advent of farming, sometimes referred to as the Neolithic Revolution, changed the world in profound ways. The transition from procuring to producing food altered the genetic structure of plants and animals. Some societies became sedentary. Inequalities between individuals and societies grew. Land ownership became more important. Specialization and trade became possible. Large-scale warfare became more common. Written records were needed. The changes that resulted from farming created a substantially different world, leading to the formation of the first civilizations and shaping world history.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WH.1.3.	Students will use artifacts and early written records to make inferences about the significance of technological development and diffusion, including writing, in Mesopotamia, Egypt, the Indus River civilization, and the Huang He (Yellow) River civilization. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Ancient Egypt - Land of the Pharaohs Ancient Egypt - Land of the Pyramids
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WH.	WORLD HISTORY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WH.2.	THE RISE OF CLASSICAL SOCIETIES (Ca. 1000 B.C.E.–900 C.E.)
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		The classical civilizations of the Mediterranean (Egypt, ancient Israel, Greece, and Rome), Persia, China, India, and other regions have had a significant impact on global belief systems, legal systems, governments, culture, and social systems. Some developed vast empires, consolidating government power in revolutionary and influential structures. Emerging contacts between civilization centers began the diffusion of ideas and technologies. Classical civilizations rose and fell under remarkably similar circumstances, exhibiting global patterns.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WH.2.1.	Students will identify and explain patterns in the development and diffusion and syncretism of world religions and philosophies, including Judaism, Hinduism, Greek philosophy, Confucianism, Buddhism, Christianity, and Islam. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Jerusalem - Then and Now (Older Grades)
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WH.2.2.	Students will use primary sources to identify patterns in the stratification of social and gender structures across classical civilizations. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Ancient Egypt - Land of the Pharaohs Rome - The Eternal City - Part 1
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WH.2.3.	Students will make evidence-based inferences about the cultural values of classical civilizations, using artistic expressions of various genres as primary sources. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Ancient Greece - Birthplace of Democracy

		Rome - The Eternal City - Part 1 Rome - The Eternal City - Part 2
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WH.2.4.	Students will explain the impact of early trans-regional trade on the diffusion of religion, ideas, technology, and other aspects of culture. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Ancient Egypt - Land of the Pharaohs Jerusalem - Then and Now (Older Grades)
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WH.2.5.	Students will construct an argument for the significant and enduring political, economic, technological, social, or other cultural contributions of classical civilizations. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Ancient Egypt - Land of the Pharaohs Ancient Egypt - Land of the Pyramids Ancient Greece - Birthplace of Democracy Jerusalem - Then and Now (Older Grades) Rome - The Eternal City - Part 1 Rome - The Eternal City - Part 2
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WH.	WORLD HISTORY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WH.3.	AN AGE OF EXPANDING CONNECTIONS (Ca. 500 C.E.–1450 C.E.)
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		The collapse of classical civilizations ushered in an era of unprecedented connection, sometimes referred to as the post-classical period. The fall of some civilizations opened opportunities for the growth of others, most notably the Islamic world. This era brought increasing oceanic and land trade in trans-regional networks. Civilization spread from its traditional centers as powerful states emerged in Japan, the Asian steppes, Sub-Saharan Africa, Europe, Southeast Asia, and other locations. In spite of their relative isolations, civilizations flourished in the Americas.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WH.3.2.	Students will evaluate historians' interpretations regarding the patterns in the development of civilizations in the Americas compared to other places in the world. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Ancient Mayan Civilization
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.WH.	WORLD HISTORY
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	WH.4.	GLOBAL INTERACTIONS (Ca. 1400 C.E.–1750 C.E.)
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		During what is sometimes referred to as the early modern period, the balance of global power shifted toward Europe. Europeans gained increasing control of international trade routes. European exploration led to the inclusion of the formerly isolated Americas and Oceanic regions in global systems. Global connections brought drastic environmental and social changes.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	WH.4.2.	Students will develop an interpretation of whether the ideas embodied in movements such as the Renaissance, the Reformation, scientific revolution, and Enlightenment led to a changing balance of world power. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Rome - The Eternal City - Part 2
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.USII.	UNITED STATES HISTORY II
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	USII.7.	THE COLD WAR ERA AND A CHANGING AMERICA (Ca. 1950–2000)
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		Cold War ideologies have shaped American life and influenced foreign policy since the middle of the 20th century. Cold War rivalries escalated into hot wars in Korea and Vietnam. Alliances led to proxy wars in a number of contested areas. An arms race

		escalated fears. Eventually, American and Soviet leaders eased Cold War tensions, and the Soviet Union dissolved, ushering in a period of uncertainty in global affairs. American interests in the Middle East have complicated international policies. Differing political philosophies spurred debates over the size and role of government. Throughout the era, American society, education, culture, and politics were shaped by Cold War tensions, technological developments, and changing demographics.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	USII.7.2.	Students will use government documents and other primary sources to investigate the motives behind a Cold War policy, event, or foreign operation, such as Truman Doctrine, containment, the domino theory, the Korean conflict, the Bay of Pigs invasion, the Cuban Missile Crisis, the Vietnam War, and Olympic boycotts. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Exploring Cuba
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.USG.	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AND CITIZENSHIP
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	USG.1.	FOUNDATIONAL PRINCIPLES
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		The framework of the United States Constitution and the functions of government are guided by principles essential for our way of life. An understanding of how these principles are applied in the rule of law, government, and politics is vital in order to be a responsible and effective citizen. Students need to be able to see how the ideals found in the Constitution are present in many of the issues of the day.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	USG.1.2.	Students will describe the structure of the United States' form of government as a compound constitutional republic, including the ideas of federalism; checks and balances; separation of powers; commerce, elastic, and supremacy clauses; popular sovereignty; and limited government. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Washington, DC - Grades 6 - 12
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.USG.	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AND CITIZENSHIP
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	USG.4.	FISCAL POLICIES AND DECISIONS
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		Fiscal policies can have profound implications in the daily lives of citizens. An essential component of understanding government and civics rests in deliberating government's role in the economy. Informed citizens understand taxation, budgets, and debt as these concepts relate to the government. Students use this understanding of basic economic principles to make informed decisions, knowing that economic policies are a reflection of economic philosophies and values.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	USG.4.2.	Students will explain how government services and other budget priorities are funded through various forms of revenue streams, such as fees, bonding, and regressive and progressive taxes, including property taxes, income taxes, and sales taxes. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Barcelona - English Barcelona - Espagnol
STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.USG.	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AND CITIZENSHIP
OBJECTIVE / STRAND	USG.5.	THE U.S. AND OUR RELATIONSHIP TO THE WORLD
INDICATOR / CLUSTER		As a global superpower with an enormous influence on other nations, it is vital to understand the ways in which the U.S. interacts with the world. Whether through negotiating trade agreements, protecting the security of this nation and its allies, cooperating in humanitarian campaigns, creating infrastructure to handle

		immigration and refugee demands, or any number of other initiatives, this nation has significant interrelationships with other countries and international bodies. These complex relationships deserve study if students are to understand the global implications of decisions made by leaders and policymakers.
EXPECTATION / STANDARD	USG.5.3.	Students will evaluate how global economic interdependence and international trade policies affect the economy of the United States. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> Exploring Cuba

Grade: 7 - Adopted: 2013

STANDARD / AREA OF LEARNING	UT.CC.RH.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies
OBJECTIVE / STRAND		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
INDICATOR / CLUSTER	RH.6-8.7.	Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. <u>Virtual Field Trips</u> African Safari Ancient Egypt - Land of the Pharaohs Ancient Egypt - Land of the Pyramids Ancient Greece - Birthplace of Democracy Ancient Mayan Civilization Barcelona - English Barcelona - Espagnol Canada - An Overview Exploring Cuba Galapagos Islands Jerusalem - Then and Now (Older Grades) La Selva Amazonica - Pte 1 (En Espagnol) London - City of Pomp & Majesty National Parks - West - Alaska & Hawaii National Parks West - Nevada, California National Parks West - Wyoming, Utah National Parks of the Western Region - Part 1 Paris - City of Light - Grades 6 - 12 Paris - La Ville Lumiere (En Francais) Rome - The Eternal City - Part 1 Rome - The Eternal City - Part 2 The Amazon Rainforest - Part 1 - Older Grades The Amazon Rainforest - Part 2 - Older Grades Tokyo - City of Contrasts Washington, DC - Grades 6 - 12